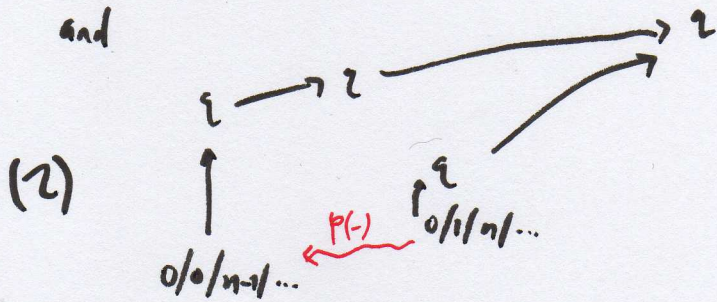
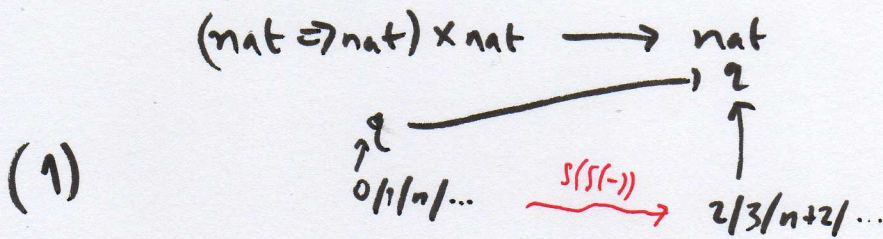
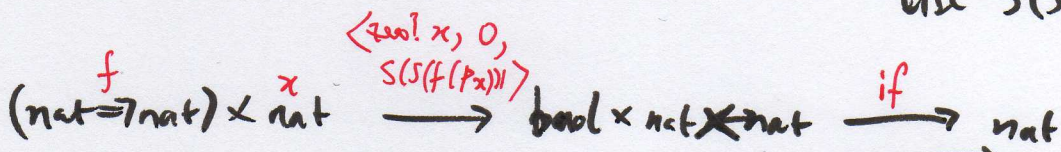


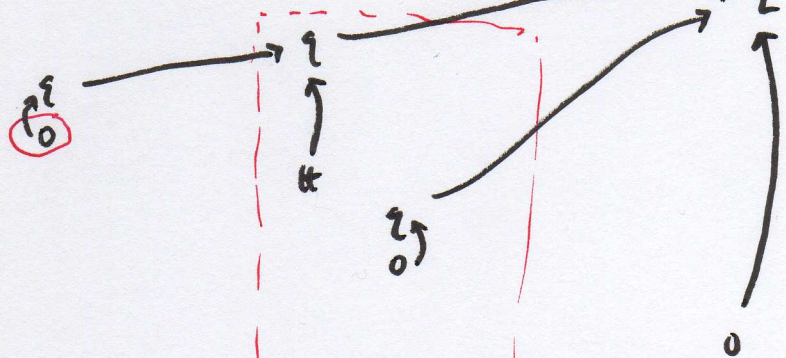
• \mathcal{D}_1 : start with $f: \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat}, x: \text{nat} \vdash S(S(f(Px))) : \text{nat}$



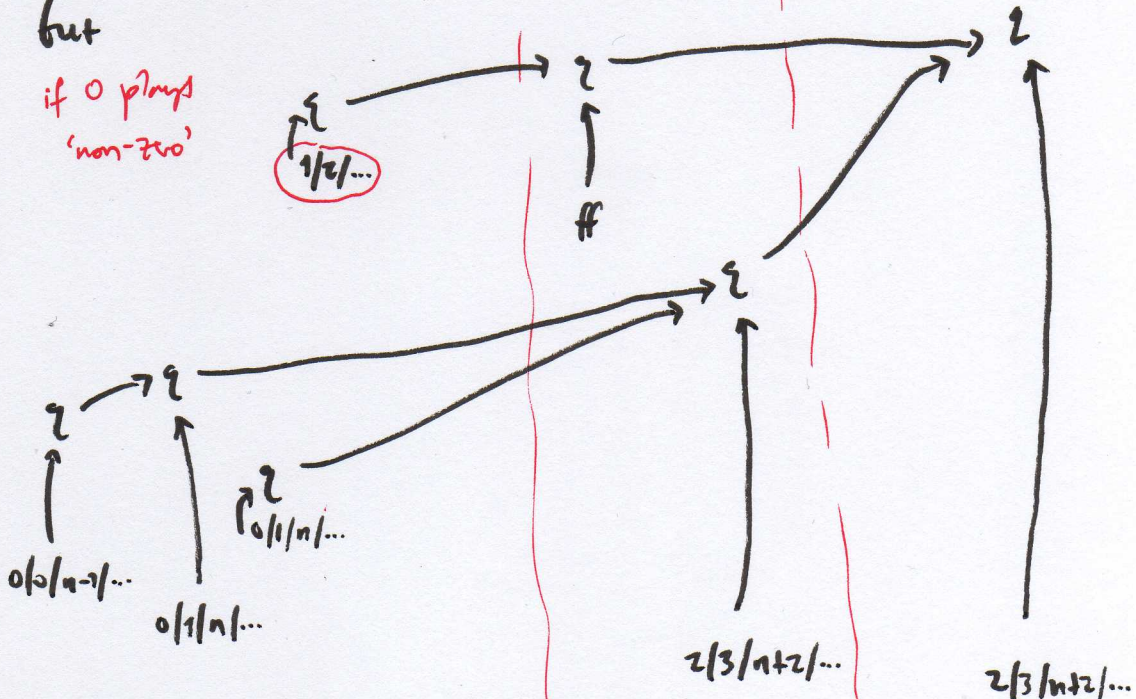
now let's do $f: \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat}, x: \text{nat} \vdash \text{if } (\text{zero? } x) \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } S(S(f(Px))) : \text{nat}$



if 0 plays 'zero'



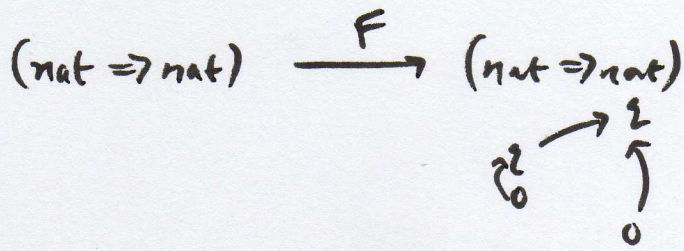
but if 0 plays 'non-zero'



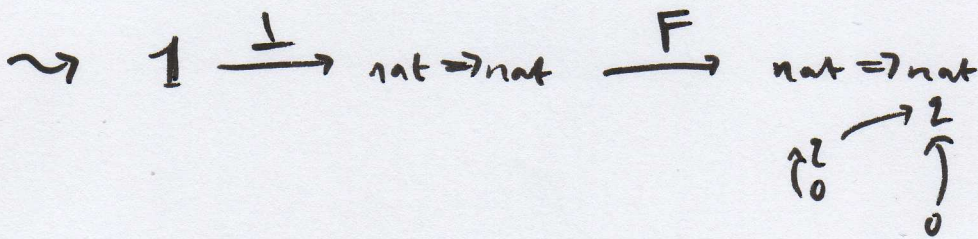
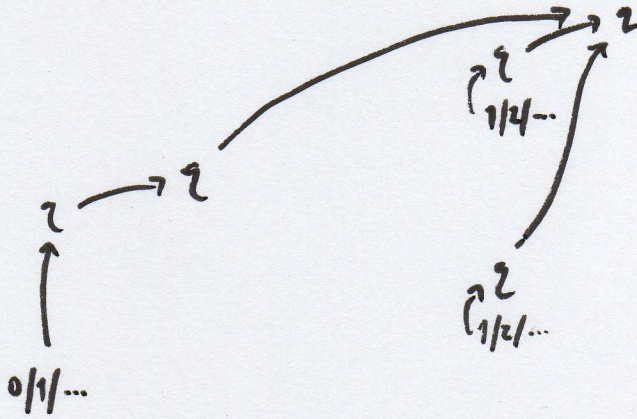
(2) above

(1)

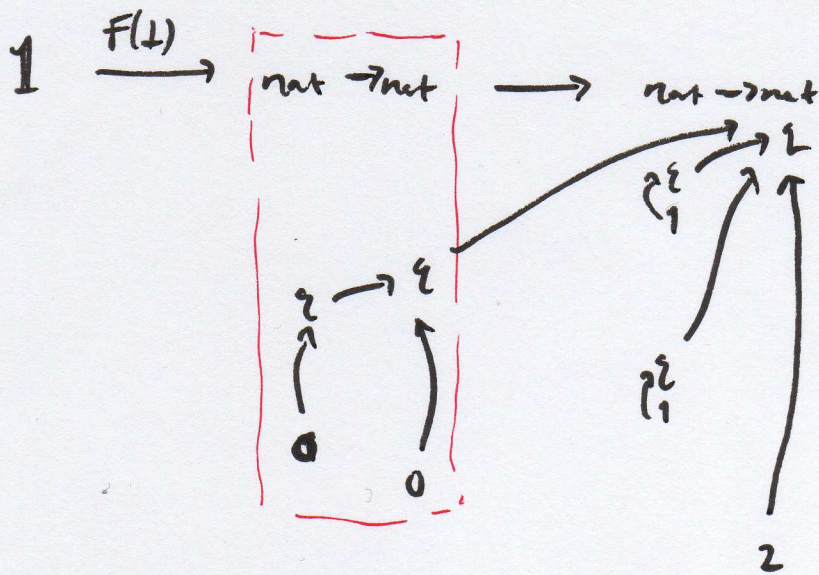
So $f: \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat} \vdash \lambda x (-) : \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat} \stackrel{\Delta}{=} F$



and



and that's all



etc. to calculate $(\text{fixpt } \lambda f (D_1)) : \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat}$

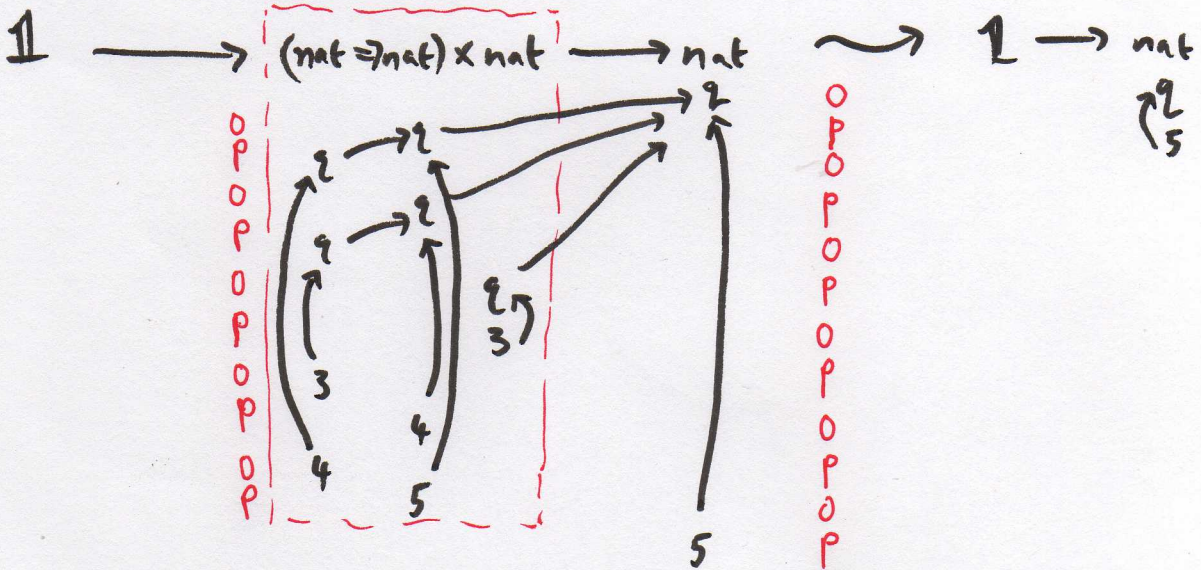
Interactions

• $\{\lambda f x (f (f x))\} (\lambda z (\text{succ } z)) 3 : \text{nat}$

Suffices to calculate

$f: \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat}, x: \text{nat} \vdash f(f x) : \text{nat}$

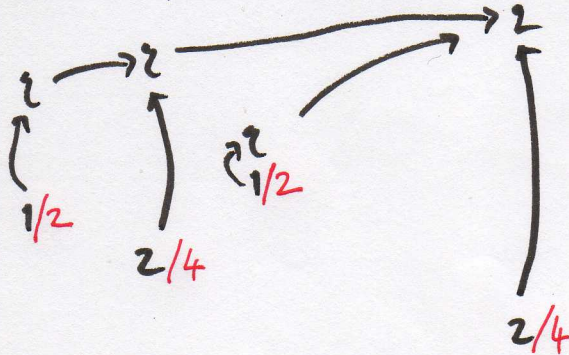
$\langle \lambda z (\text{succ } z), 3 \rangle ; (f(f x)) : \text{nat}$



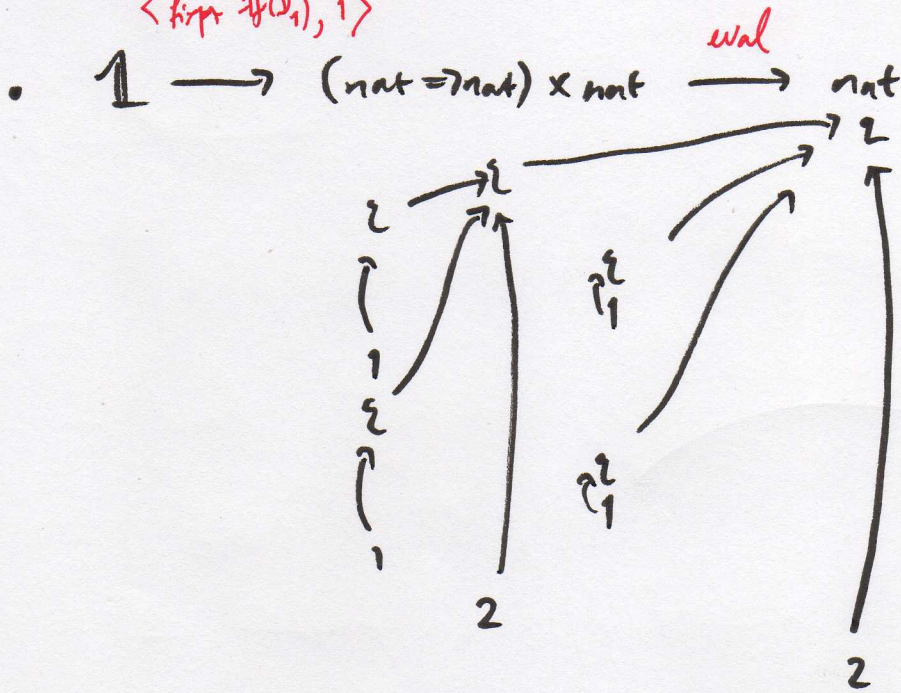
• $\lambda f (fixpt \lambda f (D_2)) 1 : \text{nat}$

$\langle \text{fixpt } \lambda f (D_2), 1 \rangle$

$\lambda f (fixpt \lambda f (D_2)) 1 \rightarrow (\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat}) \times \text{nat} \xrightarrow{\text{eval}} \text{nat}$



$\langle \text{fixp } \lambda f.(2_f), 1 \rangle$



• Suffices to calculate $N; A^{-1}(K_{x/y}) : 1 \xrightarrow{N} ((B \Rightarrow B) \Rightarrow B) \rightarrow B$

$f : (B \Rightarrow B) \Rightarrow B$
 $f(\lambda x.(f(2_y(x))))$

and $1 \xrightarrow{N} ((B \Rightarrow B) \Rightarrow B) \xrightarrow{K_y} B$

